

## Does a solid stay at the bottom of its container

Does a solid take the shape of its container?

My Cambridge Physics Coursebook says that Solid "takes the shape of its container". It is endorsed by Cambridge for IGCSE physics. Is it right? How is this possible. It is very Clear and proved. If we put it in a beaker it does not change shape. So why do we say that a solid takes the shape of its container  
Caption 9.3: "fixed shape".

Does a solid retain its shape?

A solid will retain its shape; the particles are not free to move around. It will take the shape of its container. Particles can move about within a liquid, but they are packed densely enough that volume is maintained. Furthermore, why do solids keep their shape?

Does a liquid take the shape of a container?

The particles in a liquid are close together, but they are not bound to fixed positions; they can slide past and around each other. This enables liquids to take the shape of their container and to flow when they are poured. Does a solid take the shape of a bottom of the container? Solids keep their shape.

Do solids have a definite shape and volume?

No, solids have a fixed shape and volume. They do not take the shape of their container like liquids and gases do. Yes, the characteristics of a solid is a definite shape and a definite volume when it is left alone. Yes. That is one of the properties that distinguishes it from liquids or gasses, both of which do not. ?

Do solid objects keep their own shape?

Well, hello there, friend! Solid objects, like a happy little rock or a gentle mountain, usually keep their own shape and volume no matter what container they're in. They're like a steadfast friend, always staying true to themselves. Just remember, it's okay to be yourself and stand tall, just like a solid does in its container.

Why does a solid have a specific shape?

Solid matter is composed of tightly packed particles. A solid will retain its shape; the particles are not free to move around. It will take the shape of its container. Particles can move about within a liquid, but they are packed densely enough that volume is maintained. Why does the solid have a specific shape Why does it not change shape?

By setting bottom: 0;, the element is aligned at the bottom of the container. Example: In this example we position a div (sub\_div) at the bottom of its container (main\_div) using absolute positioning. The main container is ...

Let us suppose that there is a container with its lid open sitting at the bottom of an ocean. The pressure at the bottom of the container will depend on the water column above it ...

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True or false? The polystyrene polymer used to make foam take-out containers is an example of a crystalline solid. True or false? In most cases, a substance has a greater density in its solid ...

The solid phase has several characteristics. First, solids maintain their shape. They do not fill their entire containers like gases do, and they do not adopt the shape of their containers like liquids ...

Study with Quizlet and memorize flashcards containing terms like Which of these observations are not explained by kinetic-molecular theory? --When a gas is heated, it expands. --At very low ...

Does a solid need a container to keep its shape? liquid take shape of the container because the liquid particles stay together but they still move around. solid does not ...

Think of it simply. The force exerted by a fixed mass of water at the bottom of the tube depends on the mass times gravitational acceleration. For a fixed mass this force will always be the same. But the ...

Liquid - A liquid can flow, has a fixed volume and takes the shape of the bottom its container. State - Materials can exist in three common states of matter: solid, liquid and gas. Gas - A gas can flow, has no fixed volume and takes the shape ...

(a) Solid  $O_2$  has a fixed volume and shape, and the molecules are packed tightly together. (b) Liquid  $O_2$  conforms to the shape of its container but has a fixed volume; it contains relatively densely packed molecules. (c) Gaseous  $O_2$  fills ...

At low temperatures (below  $0^\circ C$ ), it is a solid. Between  $0^\circ C$  and  $100^\circ C$ , it is a liquid. At temperatures above  $100^\circ C$ , water is a gas (steam). The state that water is in depends upon the temperature, each ...

Even if an individual gas molecule briefly found itself at rest against the bottom of the container, the thermal motion of the molecules of the container would almost immediately ...

Why does a liquid stay in the bottom of a container? However, the particles are not strongly bonded to their neighbours and will begin to move around in the liquid. The bonds ...

A liquid does not change volume, unlike a gas, but it does change shape according to its container, similar to a gas. A solid does not change shape or volume according ...

Because the particles don't move, solids have a definite shape and volume, and can't flow. Because the particles are already packed closely together, solids can't easily be ...

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The molecules in a solid stay in a fixed position but continue to vibrate. The molecules in a liquid slide past one another freely, allowing the liquid to conform to the shape of its container. The ...

A liquid is incompressible, so it will settle to fill the bottom of a container until it reaches a height determined by gravity and surface tension forces, resulting in a half-filled ...

I've been letting water sit in tall gallon containers for many years. Over time, the bottoms of the containers get cloudy with mineral build up. I pour the water off the top, until it ...

If you bring the container to Earth, there will be greater pressure at the bottom of the container than at the top because, as before, they will be hitting the floor faster then the ...

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The .absolute-element is positioned at the bottom-right of the container regardless of scrolling. The child element stays within the container's boundaries and moves with it if the container is scrolled. Approach 3: Using ...

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